

Name \_\_\_\_\_

- There are three cases, or forms, of pronouns.
- **Nominative** case is used for subject pronouns and predicate pronouns.
- **Objective** case is used for direct and indirect objects and objects of prepositions.
- **Possessive** case is used to show that something belongs to a person or thing.
- The possessive pronouns *my, your, his, her, its, our, and their* are used before nouns.

A. Read each sentence. On the line provided, write whether the underlined pronoun is **nominative, objective, or possessive**.

1. Makayla accidentally dropped her coins in the dark theater. \_\_\_\_\_
2. They must have rolled away. \_\_\_\_\_
3. Connor helped Makayla look for them. \_\_\_\_\_
4. He found a quarter under the seats in the front row. \_\_\_\_\_
5. Connor picked up the coin and gave it to Makayla. \_\_\_\_\_

B. Read each sentence. Write the **possessive pronoun on the line**.

6. Makayla found her nickels in the aisle. \_\_\_\_\_
7. Makayla thanked Connor for his help. \_\_\_\_\_
8. She handed Connor his hat and gloves. \_\_\_\_\_
9. The two friends put on their coats. \_\_\_\_\_
10. "Next time, put your change away!" said Connor. \_\_\_\_\_

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- Some possessive pronouns can stand alone and are used in place of nouns. These possessive pronouns are *mine, yours, his, hers, ours, and theirs*.
- Most possessive pronouns that can stand on their own are different from possessives that precede nouns. *My* becomes *mine*, *your* becomes *yours*, *her* becomes *hers*, *our* becomes *ours*, and *their* becomes *theirs*. *His* stays the same.

Read each pair of sentences. In the second sentence, choose the correct possessive pronoun in parentheses ( ) and write it on the line.

1. That is her jacket.  
That jacket is (hers, her). \_\_\_\_\_
2. Mark said this is his backpack.  
Mark said this is (his, him). \_\_\_\_\_
3. Is this your project?  
Is this project (your, yours)? \_\_\_\_\_
4. The huge poster belongs to Abigail and Mark.  
The huge poster is (theirs, their). \_\_\_\_\_
5. If you forget to bring markers, you may borrow my markers.  
If you forget to bring markers, you may borrow (my, mine). \_\_\_\_\_
6. These are our papers.  
These papers are (theirs, ours). \_\_\_\_\_
7. I found my homework on the table.  
I found (mine, my) on the table. \_\_\_\_\_
8. Has Lorenzo found his homework?  
Has Lorenzo found (him, his)? \_\_\_\_\_

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- Use quotation marks to set off a direct quotation from the rest of the sentence.
- Capitalize the first word in a quotation. Put commas and periods inside quotation marks.
- Use a comma before the quotation when the speaker's name comes first.
- Use a comma, a question mark, or an exclamation point before the closing quotation mark when the speaker's name comes last.

Rewrite each sentence below, using correct punctuation.

1. is this your sweater asked Father

2. Carmen answered no it is Chloe's sweater

3. please tell Chloe to put her clothes away said Father

4. this is my sweater but these are not my shoes" stated Chloe

5. Carmen confessed, those shoes are mine.

6. Father exclaimed to Carmen "put your shoes away!"

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- A **possessive pronoun** shows who or what owns something. The possessive pronouns *my, your, his, her, its, our, and their* are used before nouns.
- Some possessive pronouns can stand alone and are used in place of nouns. These possessive pronouns are *mine, yours, his, hers, ours, and theirs*.
- Use quotation marks to set off a direct quotation from the rest of the sentence.
- Use a comma before the quotation when a speaker's name comes first. Use a comma, a question mark, or an exclamation point before the closing quotation mark when the speaker's name comes last.

Proofread each sentence. Watch for errors in possessive pronouns, punctuation, and capitalization. Rewrite the sentence correctly.

1. is this yours newspaper asked Mrs. Ruiz?

2. she said I found it on mine porch

3. it must be my answered Mr. Holloway

4. mine paper was missing this morning, he said

5. Ms. Ruiz said we picked up ours paper earlier

6. our was in the driveway. she explained"

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Read each sentence. Choose the correct possessive pronoun in parentheses ( ).  
Write the sentence correctly on the line.

1. Dominic asked me to help him make (our, ours) lunch.  
\_\_\_\_\_
2. "I should wash (my, mine) hands first," I said.  
\_\_\_\_\_
3. "I have already washed (me, mine)," said Dominic.  
\_\_\_\_\_
4. "Where is (your, yours) peanut butter?" I asked.  
\_\_\_\_\_
5. "We keep (ours, our) in the refrigerator," said Dominic.  
\_\_\_\_\_
6. Dominic wanted soup with (his, him) sandwich.  
\_\_\_\_\_
7. I made (my, mine) sandwich while Dominic heated (him, his) soup.  
\_\_\_\_\_
8. Dominic and I enjoyed (our, my) lunch.  
\_\_\_\_\_