

Name _____

- An **action verb** expresses a **physical** or **mental** action. An action verb must agree with its subject.
- The word that answers the question *what?* or *whom?* is called the **direct object**.

Underline the action verb in each sentence. Put brackets [] around the direct object.

1. The students displayed their talents in the variety show.
2. The school principal introduced each act.
3. Wilson played the drums.
4. Two girls sang a beautiful ballad.
5. Adam performed a solo.
6. Adam's sister recited a poem.
7. Matthew wrote an original song for the show.
8. Isabelle told jokes in a comedy act.
9. Mrs. Hernandez and Mr. Underwood judged the contest.
10. Matthew won the top prize.

Name _____

- A **direct object** receives the action of the verb in a sentence and tells whom or what is affected by the verb's action.
- An **indirect object** always appears before the direct object and tells to whom or for whom the action is done.

Draw one line under the action verb. Draw two lines under the indirect object. Put brackets [] around each direct object.

1. Grace handed her mother the notebook.
2. Jackie tossed me the basketball.
3. Ben played the class a recording.
4. The teacher taught the group the song.
5. Mr. Yamada bought his daughter a winter coat.
6. Zane's grandmother knitted him a red scarf.
7. The waiter gave each person a menu.
8. The chef prepared the customers a special meal.
9. The host showed his guests a good time.
10. The guests thanked him for the invitation.

Name _____

- Use quotation marks before and after someone's exact words.
- Begin a quotation with a capital letter.
- Place commas and periods inside quotation marks.
- If a quotation comes at the end of a sentence, use a period, question mark, or exclamation point to end it.
- If the sentence continues after a quotation is given, use a comma, question mark, or exclamation point to close the quotation.

Rewrite each sentence using the correct capitalization and punctuation.

1. Can you suggest a good book asked Martin

2. what types of books interest you asked the librarian

3. Martin replied i like mysteries and science fiction

4. let me show you some of our newest mysteries the librarian suggested

5. Martin exclaimed these look great

Name _____

- An **action verb** is a word that expresses action. It tells what the subject does or did.
- A **direct object** tells whom or what is affected by the verb's action. An **indirect object** appears before the direct object and tells to whom or for whom the action is done.
- Use quotation marks before and after someone's exact words.
- Begin a quotation with a capital letter.
- Commas and periods always appear inside quotation marks.
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Proofread the sentences. Then rewrite them correctly using correct capitalization or punctuation. Correct mistakes made with verbs that do not agree with their subjects.

1. madeleine said "my family give good care our pets"

2. "Should I brush the cat's thick coat every day" she asked?

3. "my father walk the dog every morning. Madeleine added."

4. madeleine said. "my brother give them food and water"

5. "we love our pets," exclaimed Madeleine.

Name _____

Read each sentence. Write whether the underlined word is a direct object, an indirect object, or an action verb.

1. The students arranged their desks in a circle.

2. Erin handed everyone a book.

3. Mrs. Ross read the students a story.

4. The teacher asked the class questions.

5. She gave them a written assignment.

6. Samantha collected the books.

7. Callie passed the students the papers.

8. Mrs. Ross read the class the directions.

9. She told them to work quietly.

10. The students finished the task just before lunch.